

## Laser Dust Module

(Model No.: ZH03B)

# Manual

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Zhengzhou Winsen Electronics Technology Co., Ltd

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Zhengzhou Winsen Electronics Technology CO., LTD

#### **ZH03B Laser Dust Sensor Module**

#### **Profile**

Laser Dust sensor module is a common type, small size sensor, using laser scattering principle to detect the dust particles in air, with good selectivity and stability. It is easy to use, with serial port output & PWM output.



#### **Features**

Good consistency, Real time response Accurate data, Low power consumption Minus resolution of particle diameter 0.3  $\mu m$ 

#### **Main Applications**

It's widely used in air purifiers, ventilation systems, portable instrument, air quality monitoring equipment, air conditioner, and smart home equipment.

#### Technical Parameters stable1.

| Model                             | ZH03B                                    |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Detection diameter range          | 0.3~10 μ m                               |  |  |  |  |
| Valid range                       | 0~1000 μ g/m³                            |  |  |  |  |
| Detection interval                | 1s                                       |  |  |  |  |
|                                   | $0^{\sim}100~\mu~g/m^3:\pm15~\mu~g/m^3$  |  |  |  |  |
| PM2.5 detection accuracy          | 101~1000 $\upmu$ g/m³ : $\pm$ 15%reading |  |  |  |  |
| FINIZ.3 detection accuracy        | (test conditions: 25±2°C,50±             |  |  |  |  |
|                                   | 10%RH,TSI8530,ciggrates,GBT18801-2015)   |  |  |  |  |
| Stabilization time after power on | 30s                                      |  |  |  |  |
|                                   | UART_TTL OUTPUT(3.3V level, default)     |  |  |  |  |
| Output                            | PWM output(3.3V level, default)          |  |  |  |  |
| Working Voltage                   | 4.9V~5.5V(DC)                            |  |  |  |  |
| Working Current                   | <120mA                                   |  |  |  |  |
| Dormancy current                  | <20mA                                    |  |  |  |  |
| Response Time                     | T <sub>90</sub> <45s                     |  |  |  |  |
| Working Humidity                  | 0~80%RH (no condensation)                |  |  |  |  |
| Working Temperature               | -10~50°C                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Temperature               | -30~70℃                                  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimension                         | 50x32.4x21mm(LxWxH)                      |  |  |  |  |
| Weight                            | <38g                                     |  |  |  |  |
| MTTF                              | Continuous without interruption>10000h   |  |  |  |  |

Fig1.Pins

Fig2.Part no. of Pins(A=8x1.25)

Stable2. Pins definition

| PIN1 | VDD        | DC +5V                       |
|------|------------|------------------------------|
| PIN2 | GND        | GND                          |
| PIN3 | _          | NC                           |
| PIN4 | RXD        | Serial port receive TTL@3.3V |
| PIN5 | TXD        | Serial port send TTL@3.3V    |
| PIN6 | -          | hang in air for users        |
| PIN7 | -          | NC                           |
| PIN8 | PWM output | TTL@3. 3V                    |

#### **Communication Protocol**

#### 1. General Settings

| Baud rate  | 9600    |
|------------|---------|
| Date byte  | 8 bytes |
| Stop byte  | 1 byte  |
| Check byte | no      |

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#### 2. Initiative upload

| No. |         | Instruction  |             | Data                    |
|-----|---------|--------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| 0   | Byte 1  | Start byte 1 |             | 0x42                    |
| 1   | Byte 2  | Start byte 2 |             | 0x4D                    |
| 2   | Byte 3  | Frame length | high 8 bits | 0x00                    |
| 3   | Byte 4  |              | low 8 bits  | 0x14                    |
| 4   | Byte 5  | Data 1       | high 8 bits | Reserved                |
| 5   | Byte 6  |              | low 8 bits  |                         |
| 6   | Byte 7  | Data 2       | high 8 bits | Reserved                |
| 7   | Byte 8  |              | low 8 bits  |                         |
| 8   | Byte 9  | Data 3       | high 8 bits | Reserved                |
| 9   | Byte 10 |              | low 8 bits  |                         |
| 10  | Byte 11 | Data 4       | high 8 bits | PM1.0 concentration     |
| 11  | Byte 12 |              | low 8 bits  | (ug/m³)                 |
| 12  | Byte 13 | Data 5       | high 8 bits | PM2.5 concentration     |
| 13  | Byte 14 |              | low 8 bits  | (ug/m³)                 |
| 14  | Byte 15 | Data 6       | high 8 bits | PM10 concentration      |
| 15  | Byte 16 |              | low 8 bits  | (ug/m³)                 |
| 16  | Byte 17 | Data 7       | high 8 bits | reserved                |
| 17  | Byte 18 |              | low 8 bits  |                         |
| 18  | Byte 19 | Data 8       | high 8 bits | reserved                |
| 19  | Byte 20 |              | low 8 bits  |                         |
| 20  | Byte 21 | Data 9       | high 8 bits | reserved                |
| 21  | Byte 22 |              | low 8 bits  |                         |
| 22  | Byte 23 | Checksum     | high 8 bits | Initiative upload check |
| 23  | Byte 24 |              | low 8 bits  | = byte1++byte 22        |

#### NOTE:

- 1. The default communication mode is **initiative uploading mode.**
- 2. Take an example to explain calculate method:

Receiving the following data frames:

| No.  | 0    | 1    | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    | 6    | 7    | 8    | 9    | 10   | 11   |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Data | 0x42 | 0x4D | 0x00 | 0x14 | 0x00 | 0x54 | 0x00 | 0x6E | 0x00 | 0x7C | 0x00 | 0x54 |
| No.  | 12   | 13   | 14   | 15   | 16   | 17   | 18   | 19   | 20   | 21   | 22   | 23   |
| Data | 0x00 | 0x6E | 0x00 | 0x7C | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x03 | 0x1F |

Check value=

0x42 + 0x4D + 0x00 + 0x14 + 0x00 + 0x54 + 0x00 + 0x6E + 0x00 + 0x7C + 0x00 + 0x6E + 0x00 +

High 8 bits 0x03 is in 23th byte of data frame, low 8 bits 0x1F is in 24th byte of data frame.

**PM1.0 value**=0x00\*256+0x54=84ug/m3

**PM2.5 value**=0x00\*256+0x6E=110ug/m3

PM10 value=0x00\*256+0x7C=124ug/m3

The range for PM1.0, PM2.5 and PM10 are all 0-1000ug/m3.

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### 3. Question & answer mode (Q&A mode)

#### Send the command:

| 0        | 1       | 2       | 3       | 4       | 5       | 6       | 7       | 8     |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Starting | Reserve | command | reserve | reserve | reserve | reserve | reserve | Check |
| byte     |         |         |         |         |         |         |         | value |
| 0XFF     | 0x01    | 0x86    | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x79  |

#### Return value as follow:

| 0        | 1       | 2             | 3          | 4            | 5          | 6             | 7          | 8     |
|----------|---------|---------------|------------|--------------|------------|---------------|------------|-------|
| Starting | Command | PM2.5 (ug/m3) |            | PM10 (ug/m3) |            | PM1.0 (ug/m3) |            |       |
| byte     |         | High 8 bits   | Low 8 bits | High 8 bits  | Low 8 bits | High 8 bits   | Low 8 bits | Check |
|          |         | (ug/m³)       | (ug/m³)    | (ug/m³)      | (ug/m³)    | (ug/m³)       | (ug/m³)    | value |
| 0xFF     | 0x86    | 0x00          | 0x85       | 0x00         | 0x96       | 0x00          | 0x65       | 0xFA  |

Note: The Q&A data frame check value calculation method is different from the method of initiative uploading the data frame. Please refer to the Q&A check value calculation example.

#### 4. Switch between Q&A mode and Initiative uploading mode

#### Send command to set Q&A mode:

| 0        | 1       | 2       | 3    | 4       | 5       | 6       | 7       | 8     |
|----------|---------|---------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Starting | Reserve | command | Q&A  | Reserve | Reserve | Reserve | Reserve | Check |
| byte     |         |         |      |         |         |         |         | value |
| 0XFF     | 0x01    | 0x78    | 0x41 | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x46  |

#### Send command to set initiative uploading mode:

| ( | )                | 1       | 2       | 3      | 4       | 5       | 6       | 7       | 8              |
|---|------------------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
|   | Starting<br>byte | Reserve | Command | Upload | Reserve | Reserve | Reserve | Reserve | Check<br>value |
| ( | OxFF             | 0x01    | 0x78    | 0x40   | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x47           |

#### 5. Dormant mode.

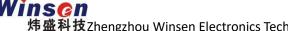
#### Send command to set dormant mode:

| 0        | 1       | 2       | 3          | 4       | 5       | 6       | 7       | 8     |
|----------|---------|---------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Starting | Reserve | Main    | Command to | Reserve | Reserve | Reserve | Reserve | Check |
| byte     |         | command | be dormant |         |         |         |         | value |
| 0xFF     | 0x01    | 0xA7    | Enter:0x01 | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x57  |
|          |         |         | Quit:0x00  |         |         |         |         | 0x58  |

#### Return value as follow:

| 0        | 1                | 2             | 3      | 4       | 5       | 6       | 7       | 8     |
|----------|------------------|---------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Starting | Main             | Return        | Reserv | Reserve | Reserve | Reserve | Docomio | Check |
| byte     | command          | Return        | e      |         |         |         | Reserve | value |
| 0.55     | Successful: 0x01 | 0x00          | 0x00   | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x00    | 0x58    |       |
| 0xFF     | 0xA7             | Failure: 0x00 | UXUU   | UXUU    | UXUU    | UXUU    | UXUU    | 0x59  |

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Calculate method for check value under Q&A mode:

```
unsigned char FucCheckSum(unsigned char *i, unsigned char In)
{
    unsigned char j,tempq=0;
    i+=1;
    for(j=0;j<(ln-2);j++)
         tempq+=*i;
         i++;
    tempq=(~tempq)+1;
    return(tempq);
 }
```

How to calculate under Q&A mode:

If the returning data as follow:

| 0        | 1       | 2             | 3          | 4            | 5          | 6             | 7          | 8     |
|----------|---------|---------------|------------|--------------|------------|---------------|------------|-------|
| Starting | Command | PM2.5 (ug/m3) |            | PM10 (ug/m3) |            | PM1.0 (ug/m3) |            |       |
| byte     |         | High 8 bits   | Low 8 bits | High 8 bits  | Low 8 bits | High 8 bits   | Low 8 bits | Check |
|          |         | (ug/m³)       | (ug/m³)    | (ug/m³)      | (ug/m³)    | (ug/m³)       | (ug/m³)    | value |
| 0xFF     | 0x86    | 0x00          | 0x85       | 0x00         | 0x96       | 0x00          | 0x65       | 0xFA  |

Check value = 0x86 + 0x00 + 0x85 + 0x00 + 0x96 + 0x00 + 0x65

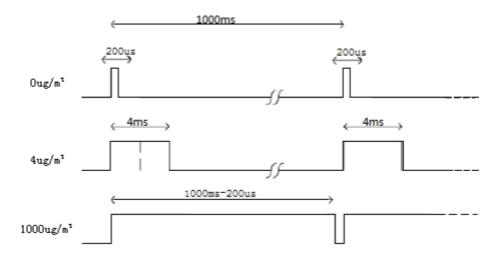
```
= 0x06 (keep low 8 bits only)
= 0xF9 (negation)
= 0xFA (plus 1)
```

**PM1.0 value**=0x00\*256+0x65=101ug/m3 **PM2.5 value**=0x00\*256+0x85=133ug/m3

PM10 value=0x00\*256+0x96=150ug/m3

The range for PM1.0, PM2.5 and PM10 are all 0-1000ug/m3.

#### **PWM output way**



To calculate PM2.5 concentration through PWM:

 $P (ug/m^3)=1000x(TH)/(TH+TL)$ 

P (ug/m³) is calculated value of PM2.5 concentration, its unit is ug/m³

TH is the time of high level during one period

TL is the time of low level during one period

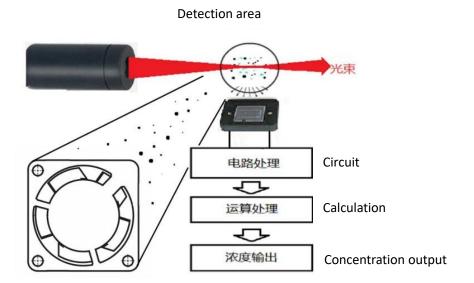
#### PWM signal instruction

| Detection Range                       | 0-1000ug/m <sup>3</sup>   |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| PWM signal voltage                    | 3.3V-TTL default          |
| PM2.5 concentration output range      | 0-1000ug/m <sup>3</sup>   |
| Period                                | 1000ms±5%                 |
| High level output at the period start | 200us(theoretical value)  |
| Middle of the period                  | 1000ms±5%                 |
| Low level output at the period end    | 200us (theoretical value) |

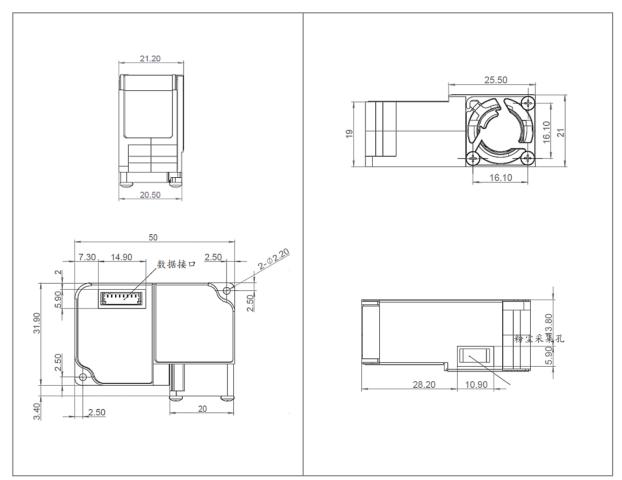
NOTE: PWM signal output has PM2.5 value only.



**Working Principle:** 

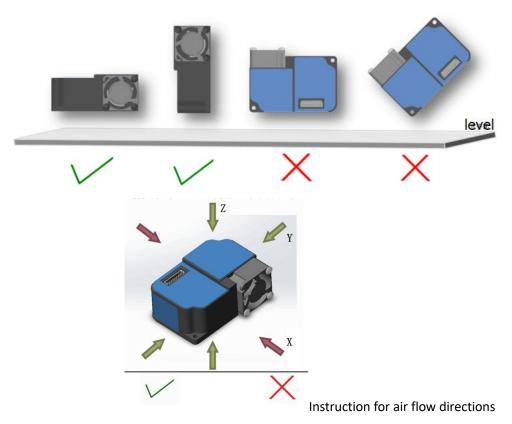


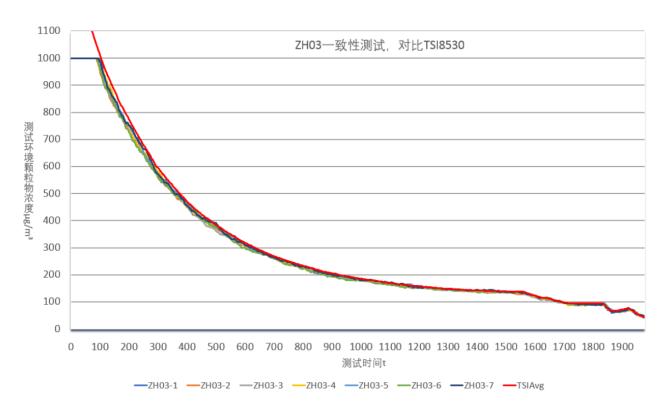
#### **Structure and Sizes:**





Air inlet hole requests good ventilation. The fan is at the place of air outlet. When the module is installed or used, please avoid strong air flow; if the strong air flow can't be avoided, please make the outside flow direction is vertical to inside flow direction.





#### **Cautions:**

- 1. It is forbidden to disassemble the shield cover of the sensor and the fixing screw on the sensor. The sensor shield is connected to the internal power supply through internal spring, if the sensor shield is removed, the anti-interference ability of the sensor will be deteriorated and sensors' output value will jump leading that performance is degraded. It is also important to note that the sensor's metal shield should be protected from contacting with other external circuits or conductive components, to reduce the effects of external interference.
- 2. Excessive impact or vibration will affect the sensors' accuracy and lifespan, so the sensor should be protected from falling or vibrating during installation and use.¥
- 3. The sensor is suitable for the detection of dust particles in ordinary indoor environment. The actual use environment should avoid the soot environment, excessive dust particles, high humidity environment, such as: kitchen, bathroom, smoking room, outdoor environment. If used in such an environment, it should be added appropriate protective procedures to prevent viscous particles or large particles from entering the sensor and forming a reservoir inside the sensor that affects the performance of the sensor. (For example, in the environment where flocs or fibers are used, the corresponding coarse filter should be added in front of the air inlet of the sensor to avoid flocs or large debris entering the sensor and blocking the light path, thus affecting the sensors' accuracy.)
- 4. The fan is the air outlet, and the dust collecting hole is the air inlet. During the use of the sensor, the sensor should avoid placing directly inside the purifier's own air duct. If it is unavoidable, an independent space structure should be set for the sensor installation position. Referring to figure, the sensor should not be affected by the airflow in the direction of the red arrow. There should be no obstruction within 2cm around the air outlet of the sensor fan. In this independent space, the airflow from the sensor outlet should be prevented from flowing directly back to the air inlet, thus affecting the accuracy.
- 5. Under the normal working condition with normal temperature and normal pressure, the key component laser can work continuously for more than 10,000 hours. It can also increase the service life of the sensor by setting the dormancy mode and working interval. The maximum cumulative working life of the sensor can reach more than 3 years.
- 6. The sensor data mentioned in this manual is to ensure the consistency between the individual manufacturers of the sensor, and does not use third-party testing instruments or data as a comparison standard. If users want the final measurement result to be consistent with the third-party detection device, users can perform data fitting correction according to the actual collection result.